# ANALYZING AND REPORTING THE

### **RESULTS**



# INTRODUCTION

• Two types of reports :

Interim test reports and final reports.

- Reports are used to make effective business decisions.
- Testers provide management with the independent assessment of the status of the project.

## **CONCERNS**

- Test results will not be available when needed.
- Test information is inadequate.
- Test status is not delivered to the right people.

## **WORK BENCH**

- INPUT : Test Plans, Expected processing results and data collected during testing (Test results).
- **DO** : Report project status.

Report interim test results.

Report final test results.

- CHECK : Do reports fairly represent status ?
- OUTPUT : Test report.

## INPUT

- Test plan and project plan.
- Expected processing results.
- Data collected during testing.
  - (4 categories of data) test results data, test

transactions and test events, defects & efficiency

Storing data collected during testing.

## **REPORT THE SOFTWARE STATUS**

- Summary status report provides a general view of all the software components.
- Project status report detailed information about a specific project component.
- Both reports are designed to present information clearly and quickly.

## **REPORT THE SOFTWARE STATUS**

 TWO INPUTS - Measurement units and Process requirements

- Reliable measurement units established by IT and used by management as an integral part of the decision making process.
- Process requirements include functional, quality and constraint attributes.

## **REPORT THE SOFTWARE STATUS**

### SIX SUBTASKS:

- Establishing a measurement team
- Creating an inventory of existing project measurements
- Developing a consistent set of project metrics
- Defining process requirements
- Developing and implementing the process
- Monitoring the process

## **Establishing a measurement team**

- Team includes individuals who
  - 1. Have a working knowledge of quality and productivity measurements
  - 2. Are knowledgeable in implementation of statistical process control tools
  - 3. Have a working understanding of benchmarking techniques
  - 4. Knows the organization's goals and objectives
  - **5.** Are respected by the peers and management

# Creating an inventory of existing project measurements

- Formal inventory a systematic and independent review of all existing measurements and metrics
- Introductory meeting agenda :
  - 1. Introduce all members
  - 2. Review scope and objective of the inventory process
  - 3. Summarize the inventory processes to be used
  - 4. Establish communication channels
  - **5.** Confirm inventory schedule with major target dates

Creating an inventory of existing project measurements

Activities involved are :

- 1. Review all measurements
- 2. Document all findings
- 3. Conduct interviews to determine what and how measurement data is captured and processed

**Developing a consistent set of project metrics** 

To enable senior management to quickly access the status of each project, a list of consistent measurements is developed.

### DEFINING PROCESS REQUIREMENTS

- Major criteria includes :
  - 1. A description of the desired output reports
  - 2. A description of common measurements
  - 3. Source of common measurements and associated software tools to capture data
  - 4. A determination of how the data will be stored (centralized or segregated)

DEVELOPING AND IMPLEMENTING THE PROCESS
1. Document the work flow of data capture and reporting process.

- 2. Procure the software tools to capture, analyze and report data.
- 3. Develop and test system and user documentation.
- 4. Beta test the process using a small to medium sized project.
- 5. Resolve all management and project problems.
- 6. Conduct training sessions on how to use the process and interrelate the reports.
- 7. Roll out the process across all project lines.

### MONITORING THE PROCESS

- Summary status report 4 sections
- 1. Report Date information
- 2. Project information
- 3. Timeline information T, S & B status
- Legend information Green, yellow and red

### **PROJECT STATUS REPORT**

### 6 SECTIONS

- 1. Vital project information
- 2. General information
- 3. Project/Activities chart
- 4. Essential elements
- 5. Legend information
- 6. Project highlights information

#### **REPORT FINAL TEST RESULTS**

- Individual project report
- Integration test report
- System test report
- Acceptance test report

# OUTPUT

# Task 1 : Project status reports

# Task 2 : Interim test reports

# Task 3 : Final test reports